# A Short Course on Optimization for Data Science and Machine Learning Problems

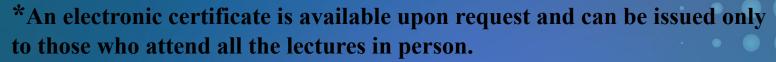
Speaker

### Prof. George Michailidis

Department of Statistics & Data Science, University of California, Los Angeles, U.S.A.

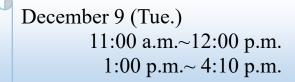
Venue

## Auditorium, B1F, the Institute of Statistical Science Building





<sup>\*</sup>Lunch boxes will be provided on Dec 9 and Dec 10.



December 12 (Fri.) 1:00 p.m.~ 4:10 p.m. December 10 (Wed.) 9:00 a.m.~12:10 p.m.

> December 15 (Mon.) 1:00 p.m.~ 4:10 p.m.



#### **Course outline**

#### Part I: Foundations of Gradient-Based Optimization

#### (a) Fundamentals of Optimization

- Introduction to unconstrained and constrained optimization problems
- Gradient Descent: update rules, step-size (learning rate) selection, convergence analysis, and stopping criteria
- Stochastic Gradient Descent (SGD): mini-batching, variance reduction, and convergence properties
- Accelerated and Adaptive Gradient
  Methods: momentum and Nesterov
  acceleration; adaptive learning-rate
  algorithms including Adagrad, AMSGrad,
  Adam, and Adam-W, with discussion of
  their convergence behavior and empirical
  performance in large-scale learning

#### (b) Advanced optimization methods

- **Proximal** algorithms for nonsmooth and regularized optimization (e.g., Lasso, sparse models)
- Splitting and decomposition techniques, including the Alternating Direction
   Method of Multipliers (ADMM)
- Block Coordinate and Coordinate Descent methods for large-scale and structured optimization

#### (a) Distributed and Federated Learning

• Introduction to **distributed optimization** and communication-efficient algorithms

Part II: Modern Developments in Optimization for Machine Learning

- Fundamentals of **Federated Learning**: architecture, privacy, and security considerations
- Stochastic and asynchronous methods: distributed SGD, variance reduction, and adaptive updates

#### (b) Minimax Optimization and Adversarial Learning

- Optimization algorithms for saddle-point problems: Gradient Descent—Ascent, Extra-Gradient, and Optimistic methods
- Convergence and stability analysis in nonconvex–nonconcave settings
- Applications: Generative Adversarial Networks (GANs), robust training, domain adaptation, and fairness in AI

#### (c) Bilevel Optimization and Applications in Deep Learning

- Motivation and formulation of bilevel optimization problems
- Algorithms: approximate gradient methods, implicit differentiation, and hypergradient-based approaches
- Applications: hyperparameter optimization, meta-learning, neural architecture search (NAS), and AutoML
- Computational complexity, scalability, and recent advances in efficient implementations